

(4)

Code No. : 02/403

Roll No.....

Total No. of Units : 04

Total No. of Printed Pages : 04

OR

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Show that if there exists such that

Second Semester Examination, May 2019

M.Sc. MATHEMATICS

Paper - IV

ADVANCED COMPLEX ANALYSIS (II)

Q.4 D. Let $F \in H(U - \{0\})$, F be one to one in U , F has a pole of order 1 at 0 , with residue 1, and neither 0 nor ∞ are in U . Then show that U is a disc. (12)

OR

If f be an analytic function in a region containing the closure of the unit disc \bar{D} and satisfying $|f(z)| < 1$ for $|z| = 1$. Then show that there is a disc D_r in which f is one-one and such that D_r contains a disc of radius r .

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Time : 3 Hrs.

Max. Marks : 80

- Part A and B of each question in each unit consist of very short answer type questions which are to be answered in one or two sentences.

Part C is short answer type and Part D is long answer type.

Unit - I

Q.1 A. Define Euler's Gamma function. (2)

Q.1 B. Write the statement of Euler's theorem. (2)

Q.1 C. Prove that the zeta function $\zeta(s)$ can be extended to a meromorphic function in the whole plane with only a simple pole at $s=1$ and satisfies Riemann's functional equation. (4)

OR

Let U and V be two open subsets of \mathbb{C} with $U \cap V \neq \emptyset$ and $f|_U = g|_U$. If U is a component of $U \cap V$ and $g|_V = h|_V$ then show that $f|_U = h|_U$.

Q.1 D. State and prove Legendre's duplication formula. (12)

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ORIf $\operatorname{Re} f(z) > 0$ then show that $f(z)$ is analytic in D .**Unit - II**

Q.2 A. Write the statement of meanvalue theorem for Harmonic functions. (2)

Q.2 B. Define Poisson Kernel. (2)

Q.2 C. Let $f(z)$ be analytic in a domain D and let $f(z)$ vanish over a domain D_0 which is a part of D . Then show that $f(z)$ vanish over the whole domain D . (4)

OR

Let γ be a path from a to b and let $f_1(z)$ and $f_2(z)$ be analytic continuations along γ such that $f_1(a) = f_2(a)$ then show that $f_1(b) = f_2(b)$.

Q.2 D. State and prove Schwarz's Reflection Principle for symmetric region. (12)

OR

Show that when $0 < b < 1$ the series

$$1 + \frac{z-ib}{1+ib} - \frac{1}{2} \frac{(z-ib)^2}{(z+ib)^2} + \dots$$
 is analytic continuation of the

function defined by the series $z - \frac{1}{2}z^2 + \frac{1}{3}z^3 - \dots$.

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Unit - III

Q.3 A. Define Rank of an Entire function. (2)

Q.3 B. Define Green's function. (2)

Q.3 C. Find the order of $\cos z$ function. (4)

OR

If $f(z)$ is an entire function of order ρ and convergence exponent λ , then show that $\rho \leq \lambda$.

Q.3 D. State and prove Hadamrd's three circles theorem. (12)

OR

Let $f(z)$ be analytic for $|z| < R$. Let r_1, r_2, \dots, r_n be the moduli of the zero of $f(z)$ in $|z| < R$ arranged as a non-decreasing sequence. Then show that if $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\log r_n}{n} = \lambda$, prove that

$$\log \frac{r^n |f(0)|}{r_1 r_2 \dots r_n} = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_0^{2\pi} \log |f(re^{i\theta})| d\theta.$$

Unit - IV

Q.4 A. Define Landau's constant. (2)

Q.4 B. Write the statement of \perp -theorem. (2)

Q.4 C. Let $f(z)$ be an analytic function in the disc $|z| < R$ such that $f(z) \neq 0$ for all z in $|z| < R$ then show that f is one-one. (4)

P.T.O.